

B Defining investigative journalism



Student A on audio 1

1. Write down the three names given to investigative journalism.

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2. Write down the three key adjectives defining investigative journalism. Then pick out some more information given by David E. Kaplan.

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Student B on audio 2

3. The second definition is summed up by “start a hypothesis”. Find out what makes this technique similar to a scientific method.

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4. Pick out who investigative reporters are compared to.

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Student C on audio 3

5. Pick out the key words that are repeated.

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6. Listen to the audio again. Match the keywords you listed in question 1 so as to make sense and reflect what David Kaplan says. Then complete with a few details he gives explaining what it means to be an investigative journalist.

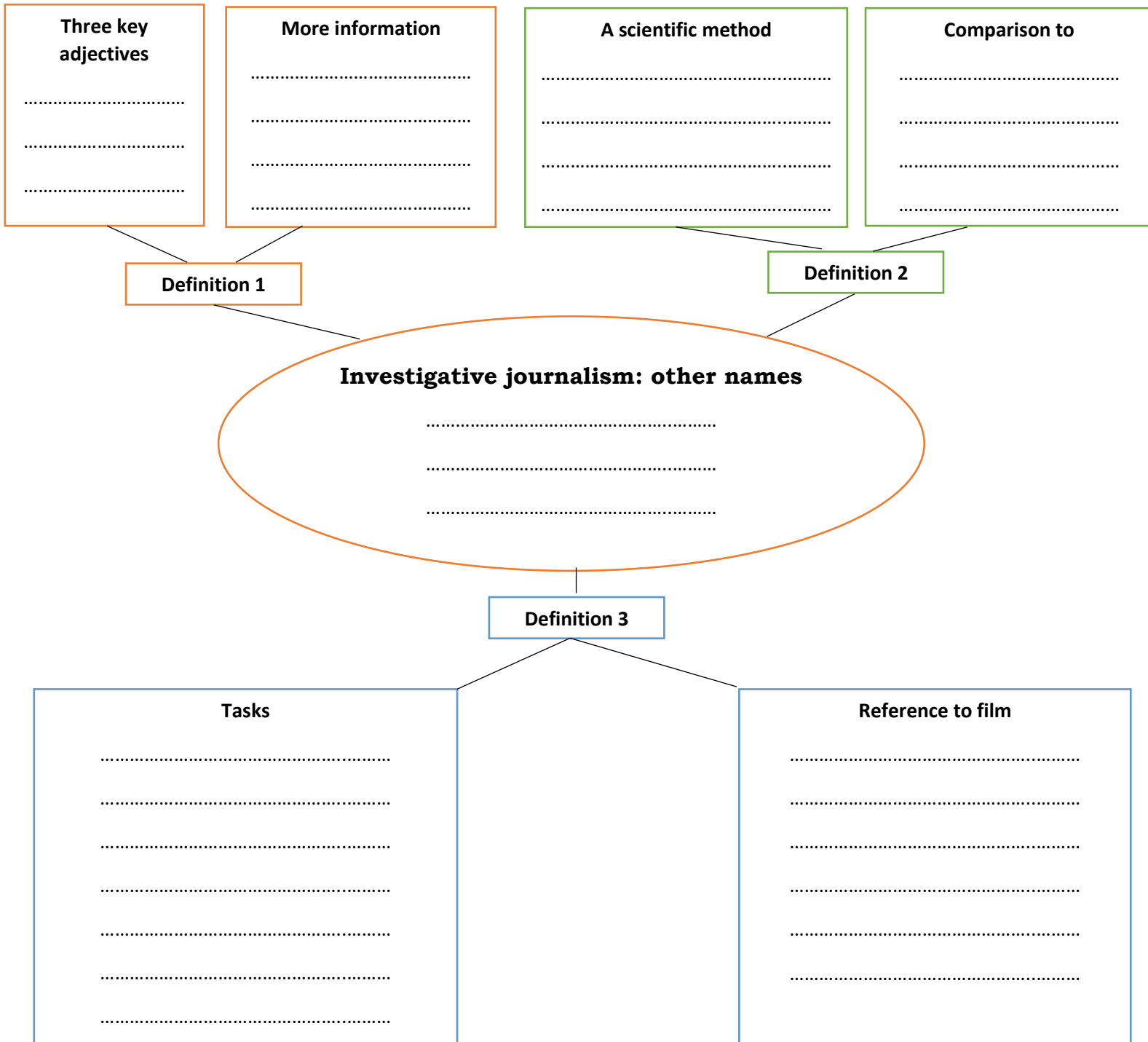
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7. A quote is given at the end of the audio. Try to get: who? where? what about? If you need help, look at Culture Tip n°2 p. 87.

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Students A, B and C

Each of you explains his / her definition to the others. Complete the mind map which will help you classify your findings and take notes.



8. You attend the 10th Global Investigative Journalism Conference. Explain the characteristics of investigative journalism.